



QUICKSTEP COMPUTER CENTER

National Accreditation Board of Education Training.
(NABET)- Quality council of India) An ISO 9001:2008

*****J2EE Introduction*****

*****J2EE Architecture, Comparison between J2EE & .NET*****

*****J2EE Application development roles.*****

➤ GUI Programming

- Designing Graphical User Interfaces in Java
 - Components and Containers
 - Basics of Components
 - Using Containers
 - Layout Managers
 - AWT Components
- Adding a Menu to Window
- Extending GUI Features Using Swing Components
 - Java Utilities (java.util Package)
 - The Collection Framework :
 - Collections of Objects
 - Collection Types
 - Sets
 - Sequence
 - Map
 - Understanding Hashing

- Use of Array List & Vector

✚ Event Handling

- Event-Driven Programming in Java
 - Event- Handling Process
 - Event-Handling Mechanism
- The Delegation Model of Event Handling
 - Event Classes
 - Event Sources
 - Event Listeners
- Adapter Classes as Helper Classes in Event Handling
- Anonymous Inner classes a Short –cut to Event Handling
 - Avoiding Deadlocks in GUI Code
 - Event Types & Classes
 - Networking Programming
 - Networking Basics
 - Client-Server Architecture
 - Socket Overview
 - Networking Classes and Interfaces
 - Network Protocols
- Developing Networking Applications in Java

✚ Database Programming using JDBC

- Introduction to JDBC
- JDBC Drivers & Architecture
- CURD operation Using JDBC

- Connecting to non-conventional Databases.

Java Server Technologies

- Servlet
- Web Application Basics.
- Architecture and challenges of Web Application.
 - Introduction to servlet
 - Servlet life cycle
 - Developing and Deploying Servlets
- Exploring Deployment Descriptor (web.xml).
 - Handling Request and Response
 - Initializing a Servlet
 - Accessing Database
 - Servlet Chaining
 - Session Tracking & Management
 - Dealing with cookies
 - Transferring Request
 - Accessing Web Context
 - Passing INIT and CONTEXT Parameter
 - Sharing information using scope object
 - Controlling concurrent access
 - User Authentication
 - Filtering Request and Response
 - Programming Filter
 - Filter Mapping

- Servlet Listeners

Enterprise JAVA Beans

- Enterprise Bean overview
- Types of enterprise beans
- Advantages of enterprise beans
- The Life Cycles of Enterprise Beans
 - Working with Session Beans
- Statefull vs. Stateless Session Beans
 - Working with Entity Beans
 - Introducing to Swings
 - Swings is built on the AWT
 - The swing packages
 - A simple swing application
 - Exploring swings

EJB 2.0

- Local Enterprise Beans
- CMP2.0 model – Container Managed Persistency
 - EJBQL – EJB Query Language
 - EJB Select Methods
 - Finder Methods with EJBQL
 - CMR – Container Manager Relationships
 - MDB-Message Driven Bean

EJB 2.1

- Enhancements to EJB –QL
 - Timer Service
- Web services Support to SLSB

EJB 3.0

- Introduction to EJB 3.0
- Architecture of EJB 3.0
- Session Beans in EJB 3.0
 - Stateless Session Bean
 - Stateful Session Bean
- Entity Components + JPA 1.0
- Simplified packaging on context dependency injection (CDI)
 - JPA-Java persistence API
 - Relations with Entities
 - one-to-one
 - one-to-many
 - many-to-one,
 - many-to-many
 - inheritance with Entities
- JPQL-Java Persistence Query Language
 - Message Driven Bean in EJB 3.0
 - Transaction with EJB 3.0
 - AOP in EJB 3.0
- AOP – Aspect oriented programming
 - Exposing EJB 3.0
- Stateless Session Bean as Web Service

EJB 3.1

- Introduction of 3.1
- Removal of local business interface
 - Introduction of singletons
 - Asynchronous Session Beans
- Embeddable API for executing EJB in Java SE env

RMI-Remote Method Invocation

- Java Distributed Technology
 - RMI Architecture
- Dynamic / Bootstrap Clients
 - Object Passing in RMI
 - DGC
 - Activation
 - RMI -IIOP

JTS / JTA- JavaTransaction Service / Java Transaction API

- ACID(Atomicity , Consistency, Isolation, Durability) properties
 - When to use Transactions
 - Local
 - Transactions
 - Distributed Transactions
 - Flat Transactions
 - Nested Transactions
 - Chained Transactions
 - Two- phase Commit Protocol

XML (extensible markup Language)

- Introduction
- Need of XML in application architectures
 - DTD (Document Type Definition)
- XML Parsers – SAX (Simple API for XML)
 - DOM (Document Object Model)
 - using IBM's XML4J
 - parser
 - XML Schemas
 - XML DB Utility (XML SQL Utility)

XSL

- XSL tags
- using apache szian's XSLT engine for transformation
 - X path specifications
 - X path expressions

Web Services

- SOAP 1.1 (Simple Object Access Protocol)
- UDDI 2.0 (The Universe Description, Discovery and Integration)
 - WSDL 1.1(Web Services Description Language)
- JAX-RPC 1.1(Java API for XML Remote Procedure Call)
 - SAAJ 1.2 (SOAP with Attachments API for Java)
 - JAXR (Java API for XML Registration)
 - JAXB (Java Architecture for XML Binding)
 - JAXWS (Java API for XMLWeb services)



J2EE Design Patterns Servers

- Weblogic 10.0
- IBM Websphere 6.0
- J Boss
- Sun one Application Server 9.1
- Oracle 9i Application Server
 - Pramati
 - Glass Fish



IDE'S

- My Eclipse
- J Builder
- IntelliJ
- Net Beans
- Weblogic Workshop
- EXADEL Studio
 - WSAD



TOOLS

- Build – ANT
- Logging – Log 4j